Time: As in Programme

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer from all the Sections of appropriate Group.

Group - A

Modern Trends in Methods of Teaching Theory (Mathematics)

Section - A

Answer any three questions of the following:

 $12 \times 3 = 36$

- Discuss the place of Mathematics at elementary school stage.
- Describe different values of Mathematics education with examples.

VF - 125/13

- 3. "Inductive and deductive methods are complementary to each other." Justify with appropriate examples.
- 4. How will you diagnose learning difficulties in Mathematics of elementary school stage? What remedial measures will you take to overcome it?
- 5. List down different instructional materials available in Mathematics teaching. Describe one of them in detail.

Answer any three questions of the following:

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- Discuss the scope of Mathematics education in detail
- List down the aims and objectives of teaching Mathematics at elementary school stage.
- What is heuristic method? Describe its steps with examples.

VF - 125/13 (2)

Contd

- 9. Differentiate between analytic and synthetic method in teaching of Mathematics.
- 10. List down different Audio-visual aids used in teaching of Mathematics.

Section - C

Write short notes on any two of the following: $5 \times 2 = 10$

- 11. Evaluation of gifted children
- 12. Project method
- 13. Preparation of scheme of lessons in Mathematics
- 14. Problems of teaching Mathematics at secondary stage

Group - B

Modern Trends in Methods of Teaching Theory (General Science)

Section - A

Answer any three questions of the following: $12 \times 3 = 36$

(Tum over) (3) VF - 125/13

- What is science? Describe the place of General Science in School curriculum.
- List down the different methods of teaching General Science. Describe any one method in detail.
- 3. What is Project method? Explain the different steps of Project method with suitable example from General Science.
- 4. What is instructional objective? Take a topic from General Science textbook of elementary level. Write its instructional objectives.
- Select a unit from General Science textbook of Secondary level. Prepare an achievement text.

Answer any three questions of the following:

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

Describe different approaches of organization of General Science with examples.

VF - 125/13

(4)

Contd.

- 7. what is Problem-solving method? Describe the steps of Problem-solving method in teaching General Science.
 - 8. What is Unit Planning? Take a unit from General Science textbook of elementary level and prepare a unit plan.
 - 9. What is improvised teaching aids? Explain the process of improvisation of teaching aids in General Science.
 - 10. Critically evaluate the process of evaluation of General Science at school level in Odisha.

Section - C

Write short notes on any two of the following:

5×2 = 10

- 11. Science Club
- 12. Observation Method in Science
- 13. General objectives of teaching Science

VF - 125/13

(5)

14. Integrated approach of Organization of Science Curriculum

Group - C

Modern Trends in Methods of Teaching Theory (Odia)

Section - A

Answer any three questions of the following:

12×3 = 36

- 1. ''ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିର ଜୀବନ ଓ ଶିକ୍ଷା ପାଇଁ ମାତୃଭାଷା ଅପରିହାର୍ଯ୍ୟ''— ଆଲୋଚନା କର ।
- ପ୍ରାଥମିକ ଷରରେ ମାତୃଭାଷା ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଓ ଉଦେଶ୍ୟ ଉଲ୍ଲେଖ କର ।
- ଓଡ଼ିଆଭାଷା ଅଧ୍ୟୟନରେ ଧ୍ୱନିବିଜ୍ଞାନର ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା ଭବାହରଣ ସହ ଆଲୋଚନା କର ।
- ମାଧ୍ୟମିକ ଷ୍ଟରରେ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଗଦ୍ୟ ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନର ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟ ଓ ପ୍ରଣାଳୀ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କର ।
- ମାତୁଭାଷା ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନରେ ଆଧୁନିକ ପଦ୍ଧତିର ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା ଓ ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱ ଆଲୋଚନା କର ।

VF - 125/13 (6) Contd.

Section - B

Answer any three questions of the following:

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- 6. କଥ୍ଚ ଓ ଲିଖିତଭାଷା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଥିବା ପାର୍ଥକ୍ୟ ଉଦାହରଣ ସହ ବଝାଅ ।
- 7. ମାଧ୍ୟମିକ ଓରରେ ବ୍ୟାକରଣ ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଓ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟ ଉଲ୍ଲେଖ କର ।
- 8. ପ୍ରାଥମିକ ୟରରେ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ପଦ୍ୟ ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନର ପ୍ରଶାଳୀ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କର ।
- କ୍ରୀଡ଼ାପଦ୍ଧତିର ଉପକାରିତା ଓ ଅପକାରିତା ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧରେ ଆଲୋଚନା କର ।
- 10. ବରକର୍ମ ପଦ୍ଧତିର ଦୋଷପୁଟି ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧରେ ଆଲୋଚନା କର ।

Section - C

Write short notes on any two of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

11. ବ୍ୟାବହାରିକ ବ୍ୟାକରଣ

(Turn over) (7) VF - 125/13

- 12. ଲିଖନ ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନର କୌଶଳ
- 13. ପ୍ରକଳ୍ପ ପଦ୍ଧତି
- 14. ଦୃଶ୍ୟ ଓ ଶ୍ରାବ୍ୟ ଭପକରଣର ପ୍ରୟୋଜନୀୟତା

Group - D

Modern Trends in Methods of Teaching Theory (History)

Section - A

Answer any three questions of the following:

12×3 = 36

Contd.

- Discuss the meaning, nature and scope of History.
- Discuss the aims and objectives of teaching History at the secondary stage.
- Differentiate between chronological and concentric approaches of organising History syllabus.

- 4. Discuss Dramatization as a method of teaching History. What are the advantages of this method?
- 5. What is international understanding? How can it be developed through teaching of History?

Section - B

Answer any three questions of the following:

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- 6. Discuss the values of teching History.
- 7. Discuss the biographical method of organising facts in history. What are its merits?
- Discuss the advantages and limitations of Project method in teaching History.
- Discuss the place of current affairs in the teaching of History.
- 10. What is a lesson plan? What are the advantages of lesson plan in History?

(9)

VF - 125/13

Write short notes on any two of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- 11. Topical Approach of teaching History
- 12. Source method of teaching History
- 13. Teachers' Guidebooks
- 14. Importance of objective type test in History

Group - E

Modern Trends in Methods of Teaching Theory (Geography)

Section - A

Answer any three questions of the following:

 $12 \times 3 = 36$

- Define modern concept of Geography. Discuss its nature and scope.
- What is a Project ? What are its principles ? Write the merits and demerits of Project method.

- Prepare an outline of a lesson plan on Geography for class IX students.
- Discuss the importance of Visual Aids in Teaching Geography.
- Explain the importance of Field Trip. Write the steps of organisation of Field Trip.

Section - B

Answer any three questions of the following:

8×3 = 24

- 6. What are the objectives of Teaching Geography at the secondary stage?
- Differentiate between Direct and Indirect observation method of Teaching Geography.
- Discuss the educational value of Geography museum in a school.
- Discuss the qualities of a good Geography textbook.

VF - 125/13 (11) (Tum over)

 Explain the significance of Field excursions in introducing Regional Geography.

Section - C

Write short notes on any two of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- 11. Laboratory method of Teaching Geography
- 12. Workbook
- 13. Preparation of Scheme of Lessons
- 14. Film Projector as a Teaching Aid of Geography

Group - F

Modern Trends in Methods of Teaching Theory (English)

Section - A

Answer any three questions of the following:

12×3 = 36

 Discuss the reasons for which study of English language is compulsory at secondary level.

VF - 125/13

(12)

Contd.

- Critically examine the aims and objectives of teaching English in India.
- What are the objectives of teaching poetry?
 Discuss the various steps followed in teaching poetry in secondary school.
- State the importance of listening in language acquisition? Explain how students can be taught to attain mastery over the skill of listening and speaking.
- What are the steps followed in planning a lesson? Justify the academic significance of each step.

Section - B

Answer any three questions of the following:

8×3 = 24

What is translation method in teaching English?Discuss its merits and demerits.

VF - 125/13

(13)

- Illustrate the principles of structural approach.
- Discuss the special role of audio-visual aids in teaching English.
- 9. Distinguish between formal and functional grammar. How will you teach grammar?
- 10. What is composition ? How can you help your pupils to produce good oral composition?

Answer any two questions of the following:

5×2 = 10

- 11. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Importance of diagnostic test in language
 - (b) Objective type test
- Differentiate between guided composition and free composition.

- 13. Briefly write the methods of textbook analysis in English.
- 14. Discuss the different causes of wrong pronunciation in English.



Time : As in Programme
Full Marks : 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer as directed in each Section.

Section - A

Answer any three questions in 700-1000 words each : $12\times3 = 36$

- Define Educational Technology. Discuss its nature and scope.
- Describe Hardware and Software Approach to Educational Technology. What are the principles of selecting Hardware and Software materials?
- 3. What is communication process? List its main principles. What are the major barriers to communication process?
- Define educational objectives. Describe, in detail, Bloom's Taxonomy.
- Define Levels of Teaching. Discuss in detail different levels of Teaching.

VF - 126/3

(Tum over)

Answer any three questions in 400-500 words each : 8×3 = 24

- Explain the different aspects of Educational Technology.
- What do you mean by Instructional Technology? Mention its characteristics.
- Explain Interaction Analysis. Discuss Flander's Interaction Analysis System.
- Discuss the Research Problems in Educational Technology.
- Discuss the role of Educational Technology in Distance Education.

Section - C

Write on any two of the following in 150-200 words each: $5\times 2 = 10$

- 11. Components of Educational Technology
- 12. Task Analysis
- 13. Micro-Teaching
- 14. Teaching Machine



VF - 126/3 (400)

(2) IIS-MA — Edn (CBCS)

DDCE - VI

Time: As in Programme

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer as directed in each Section.

Section - A

Answer any three questions from the following:

 $12 \times 3 = 36$

- Differentiate between basic and action research.
 Describe the distinctive features of Action research.
- Discuss the nature and scope of educational research.
- Discuss and differentiate qualitative and quantitative research.

VF - 127/3

- 4. What is meant by hypothesis? State how the hypotheses are tested?
- What is a research proposal? Describe the procedure used in the preparation of a research proposal.

Answer any three questions from the following:

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- Explain by giving examples, the primary and secondary sources of data.
- Describe the essential characteristics of experimental research.
- Describe the nature of comparative research.
- Explain the importance of random sampling.
- What is multiple correlation? Describe its characteristics and applications.

Section - C

Answer any two questions from the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- 11. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Type I and Type II error
 - (b) Quantitative and qualitative research

- 12. Distinguish between Sample and Population.
- Write the steps in the construction of Questionnarie.
- 14. Explain what is meant by the term "Representative Sample".

Time: As in Programme

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer as directed in each Section.

Section - A

Answer any three questions from the following:

 $12 \times 3 = 36$

- Define educational management. Discuss the nature of educational management.
- 2. Discuss the functions of educational administration.
- Discuss the structure and functions of SCERT,Odisha.

- 4. Describe the different techniques of Supervision.
- What are the sources of income of an educational institution? Discuss their role in school management.

Answer any three questions from the following:

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- Discuss the evolution of concept of management in education.
- Define educational administration. State the difference between general and educational administration.
- Discuss the role of Central Government in the field of education.
- Discuss the functions of Local Bodies at the state level.
- Explain the administrative organisation of education in Punjab.

VF – 128/3 (2)

Contd.

Section - C

Write short notes on any two of the following:

5×2 = 10

- 11. Scope of Educational Management.
- National Council of Educational Research and Training.
- 13. Role of Private Agencies in education.
- 14. Educational Supervision and human relations.

Time : As in Programme

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer as directed in each Section.

Section - A

Answer any three questions of the following:

- Differentiate between comparative education and comparative study. Discuss the purpose and scope of comparative education in the present education scenario.
 4+4+4 = 12
- Describe the importance of any three factors of comparative education. How national unity is related with national system of education?
 Explain with suitable example. 6+6 = 12

- Why did secondary education become important for the American people? Describe the similarities and differences in secondary education system in USA and India. 4+4+4 = 12
- Describe contemporary system of distance education in India with reference to counselling method, curriculum, examination and evaluation.

3+3+3+3 = 12

 "The condition of teacher education is satisfactory in USA." Comment on this statement.

Section - B

Answer any three questions of the following:

- Explain the major concepts of comparative education in the light of its need and significance in India.
- Describe historical approach and its uses in comparative study.
 4+4 = 8

VF - 129/2 (2) Contd.

 Enumerate the similarities and differences between USA and Indian primary education.

4+4 = 8

5

- Describe the development of distance education in U K.
- Write an essay on teacher's status and condition
 in U K.

Section - C

Write short notes on any two of the following:

- Importance of Problem approach in comparative study.
- 12. Higher education in India and U K. 5
- 13. Language problem in India. 5
- 14. Population education in USA and India
