

MASTER OF ARTS IN SOCIOLOGY
Course Code –10320

Year/ Semester	Category	Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Max. Marks
I Year 1st Semester	Core	1310320101	Introduction to Sociology	100
	Core	1310320102	Perspectives of Indian Society-I	100
	Core	1310320103	Classical Sociological Theory	100
	Core	1310320104	Research Methodology-I	100
I Year 2 Semester	Core	1310320105	Modern Sociological Theory	100
	Core	1310320106	Perspectives of Indian Society-II	100
	Core	1310320107	Research Methodology-II	100
	Core	1310320108	Sociology of Globalization	100
	Core	1310320109	Rural Sociology	
II Year 3rd Semester (Any Five) Select Elective papers to be offered by DDCE	Elective	1310320201	Gender Studies	100
		1310320202	Sociology of Health	100
		1310320203	Sociology of Environment	
		1310320204	Sociology of Movements	
		1310320205	Sociology of Crime & Deviance	100
	Elective	1310320206	Sociology of NGOs	
		1310320207	Sociology of Education	100
		1310320208	History of depressed class movement in India	100
		1310320209	Sociology of ageing	100
II Year 4 Semester	Core	1310320110	Sociology of Development	100
	Core	1310320111	Urban Sociology	100
	Core	1310320112	Dissertation-I	100
			Total	1800

Semester-I
Paper-1.Introduction to Sociology:

Unit-I: Emergence of Sociology, Scope and Subject matter of Sociology, Sociology and other Social Sciences

Unit-II:Basic Concepts- Society, Man and Society, Community, Association, Groups, Social Status, roles, Culture.

Unit-III:Socialization- stages, agents, Social Stratification- theories, forms. Social Mobility, Social Processes

Unit-IV:Social Change- its associated concepts, evolution, revolution, progress and Development. Factors of Social Change

REFERENCES:

1. Inkeles, Alex., *What is Sociology?*
2. Johnson, Harry M. , *Sociology: A systematic Introduction*
3. Bottomore. T.B. *Sociology*
4. MacIver & Page, *Society: An Introductory Analysis*
5. Smelser Neil. J. *An Introduction to Sociology*
6. Tumin. M. *Social Stratification*
7. Gupta. Dipankar, *Social Stratification*

Paper-2-Perspectives of Indian Society-I

Unit-I: Indological Perspective: G.S. Ghurey, Louis Dumont.

Unit-II:Structural- Functional Perspective: M.N.Srinivas, S. C. Dube

Unit-III: Marxist Perspective:A.R. Desai, D.P. Mukherjee

Unit-IV: Subaltern Perspective: B.R. Ambedkar, David Hardiman

REFERENCES:

1. Dumont, Louis, 1970, *Homo Hierarchicus: The Caste System and its Implications*
2. Ghurey, G.S. , *Caste and Race in India*
3. Dube, S.C. 1973, *Social Sciences in Changing Society*
4. Dube, S.C. 1967, *The Indian Village*
5. Mukherjee, D.P. 1958, *Diversities*
6. Srinivas, M.N., 1960, *India's Villages*
7. Dube, S.C. *India's Changing Villages*
8. Hardiman, David, 1996, *Feeding the Bania: Peasants and Usurers in Western India*
9. Hardiman, David, 1987: *The Coming of the Devi: Adivasi Assertion in Western India*
10. Desai, A.R., 1985, *India's Path of Development: A Marxist Approach*

Paper-3.Classical Sociological Theory

Unit-I: August Comte: Law of Three Stages, Hierarchy of Sciences, Theory of Positivism

Unit-II: Emile Durkheim: Division of Labour, Theory of Suicide, Social Facts And Theory of Religion

Unit-III: Max Weber: Protestant Ethics and Spirit of Capitalism, Theory of Authority & Bureaucracy, Ideal Types, Theory of Social Action

Unit-IV: Karl Marx: Dialectical Materialism, Capitalism, Alienation, Class and Class Struggle.

REFERENCES:

1. Abraham, J.H. & Morgan, 1985, Sociological Thought from Comte to Sorokin
2. Aron, Raymond, 1965, Main Currents in Sociological Thought, Vol. I & II
3. Coser, L.A. 1977, Masters of Sociological Thought
4. Giddens, Anthony 1997, Capitalism and Modern Social Theory- An Analysis of Writings of Marx, Durkheim and Weber
5. Adams, B.N. & Sydnie R.A. 2000, Sociological Theory
6. Zetlin Irvin. 1981, Ideology and the Development Sociological Theory

Paper-4-Research Methodology-I

Unit-I: Philosophy of Social Sciences, Sociological Research: Pure & Applied, Ethical Issues in Social Research

Unit-II: Relation between Data, Theory and Method, Research Design Exploratory, Descriptive, Diagnostic and Experimental Research

Unit-III: Sampling, Observation, Interview, Questionnaire,

Unit-IV: Scaling Techniques, Likert, Thurstone, Bogardus.

REFERENCES:

1. Kalton & Moser, Survey Methods in Social Investigation
2. Goode & Hatt, Methods of Social Research
3. Young. P.V., Social Survey and Social Research
4. Sjoberg, G and Roger, N., Methodology of Social research
5. Cochran. W.G., Sampling Techniques
6. Lundberg, Social Research
7. Galtung, John, Theory & Methods of Social Research

SEMESTER-II

Paper-5.Modern Sociological Theory

Unit-I: Symbolic Interactionism: Goffman, G.H. Mead, Blumer/

Unit-II: Phenomenology & Ethnomethodology: Alfred Schutz, Peter Berger, Harold Garfinkel

Unit-III: Critical Theory: Habermas, Marcuse, Adorno.

Unit-IV: Post Modernism: Foucault, Derrida

REFERENCES:

1. Turner, J.H. 1995, The Structure of Sociological Theories
2. Giddens, Anthony, 1984, The Constitution of Society: Outline of the Theory of Structuration
3. Blumer, 'Society as Symbolic Interaction' in Human Behaviour and Social Process
4. Schutz, Alfred, The phenomenology of the Social world
5. Berger Peter L and Thomas Luckman, 1966, The Social construction of Reality
6. Garfinkel, Harold, 1967, Studies in Ethnomethodology
7. Giddens, Anthony, 1979, Central problems in Social Theory
8. Abraham, M.F. 1990, Modern Sociological Theory: An Introduction

Paper-6. Perspectives of Indian Society-II

Unit-I: Unity & Diversity :Caste: origin, structure, function and change

Unit-II: Family, & Kinship: Structure, types, functions and Changes, Marriage: Hindu marriage as a religious sacrament, Marriage among different and religious groups, changing trends in marriage

Unit-III: processes of Social Change in India: Sanskritization, Westernization Modernization

Unit-IV: Contribution of Social Reforms in India: Affirmative laws for SC, ST, OBC and Women

REFERENCES:

1. Oomen T.K. and P.N. Mukherjee, 1986, Indian Sociology: Reflections and Introspections
2. Karve Irawati, 1961, Hindu Society: An Interpretation
3. Dumont, Louis, 1970, Homo Hierarchicus: The Caste System and its Implications
4. Srinivas M.N., 1966, Social Change in Modern India
5. Mukherjee, D.P. 1958, Diversities
6. Singh, Y., 1973, Modernization of Indian Tradition
7. Singh, Y, 1986, Indian Sociology: Social conditioning and emerging Concerns
8. Tylor, Stephen, India: An Anthropological Perspective

Paper-7-Research Methodology-II

Unit-I: Statistics in Social Research, Mean, Median, Mode, Standard Deviation

Unit-II: Case study Method in Social Research, Qualitative Data Format and Processing, Validity and reliability in Qualitative Research and Content Analysis.

Unit-III: Social Research, Action Research and Participatory Research

Unit-IV: Report Writing: stages, procedures.

REFERENCES:

1. Goode & Hatt, Methods of Social Research
2. Young. P.V., Social Survey and Social Research
3. Kalton & Moser, Survey Methods in Social Investigation
4. Lundeberg, Social Research

Paper-8-Sociology of Globalization

Unit-I: Globalization: The Historical and Social Context, Distinctive Characteristics and Dimensions: Economic, Technological, Social and cultural.

Unit-II: Modernization and Globalization, Neo-Liberalism and Global Capitalism and Globalization and Nation State

Unit-III: Global Institutions and Actors: World Bank, MNCs, WTO, IMF, NGOs

Unit-IV: Globalization and Culture: The Ethos of Globalization (Individualism, Freedom, Consumerism) Cultural Homogenization, Hegemony and Dominance Impact of Globalization on poor and women

REFERENCES:

1. Appadurai, Arjun, 1997, Modernity at Large: Culture Dimension of Globalization
2. Schuurman, FJ (ed), 2002, Globalization and Development Studies: Challenges for the 21st century
3. Tim Allen and Alan Thomas (ed), 2000, Poverty and Development into the 21st century
4. Somayaji, Sakarama & Somayaji Ganesha, 2006, Sociology of Globalization
5. Pramanick, Swapan Kumar and Ganguly rmanuj, 2010, Globalization in India: New Frontiers and Challenges
6. Sahoo, Ajay Kumar, 2006, Sociological Perspectives on Globalization

Paper-9-Rural Sociology

Unit-I. Rural Sociology: Its Emergence, Importance, Nature and Scope of Rural Sociology

Unit-II: Village Community: Characteristics, Types and Rural-Urban Contrast and Continuum

Unit-III: Rural Social Structure, Agrarian and Peasant Social Structure, Caste & Politics, Major Peasant Movements in India.

Unit-IV: Rural Development Programmes: IAY, SGSY, SHGs, Panchayati Raj.

REFERENCES:

1. Desai. A.R., Rural Sociology in India
2. Dube. S.C. India's Changing Village
3. Bertrand. A.L., Rural Sociology
4. Shah. G., Gandhian Approach to Rural Development
5. Dey. S.K., Panchayati Raj
6. Puri. K.E., Social System in Rural India
7. Gillette. J.M., Rural Sociology
8. Dube. S.C., Contemporary India & Its Modernization
9. Dhanagare. D.N., Peasant Movements in India
10. Desai. A.R., Peasant Struggles in India

Semester-III
Paper-10.Gender Studies

- Unit-I.** Social construction of gender: Gender Vs Biology, Equality Vs Differences, Public and Private Dichotomy. Patriarchy as ideology and practice.
- Unit-II.** Status of women through various Ages: Ancient, Mediaval, pre- colonial, post-Colonial.
- Unit-III.** Issues affecting women, Women and Education, Women and Health , Women and work and Domestic Violence
- Unit-IV:** Women Rights, laws and Women Movements

REFERENCES:

1. Oakley, Ann. 1972, Sex, Gender and Society
2. Rege Sharmila. 2003, Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminist Sociological Knowledge.
3. Alkatar, A.S. 1983, The position of Women in Hindu Civilization
4. Dule, Leela et.al (eds) 1986, Visibility and power Essays on Women in society and development
5. Vaid, S & K. Sangari, 1989, Recasting Women: Essays in Colonial History
6. Gandhi, N and N.Shah 1992, The issues at stake: Theory and Practice in the contemporary Women's Movement in India.
7. Ghadially, Rehana (ed) 1988, Women in Indian Society.
8. Mies Maria. 1980, Indian Women and Patriarchy: Conflicts and Dilemmas of students and working women

Paper-11-Sociology of Health

- Unit-I:** Sociology of Health: its aim & scope, Contribution of Sociology to Health, Definition of Health & Illness- Four Dimensions of Health and Evolution of Social medicine in India
- Unit-II:**Hospital as Social Organization, Types of Hospitals-General Hospitals, Specializing Hospitals. Functions of hospitals, Interpersonal relationship in Hospital settings.
- Unit-III:**Community Health- the concept, Community health problems in India and Concept of Integrated health service
- Unit-IV:**Health services in five year plans, Health for All- Alma Ata to current and Health policy of Govt. of India

REFERENCES:

1. Dasgupta, R. 1993, Nutritional planning in India
2. Albrecht, Gary L. & Fitzpatrick, R. 1994. Quality of life in healthcare: Advances in Medical Sociology
3. Banerjee, D. 1981. Poverty, Class and Health culture in India
4. DAK.T.M.(ed) 1991. Sociology of Health in India
5. Madan T.N. 1980. Doctors and Society
6. Oommen, T.K. 1978. Doctors and Nurses: A Study in Occupational roles, structure
7. Venkatram, R 1979. Medical Sociology in Indian setting
8. Mehta, S.R. 1998 Society and Health: A Sociological Perspective
9. Chandani, Ambika 1986. The Medical Profession: A sociological exploration

Paper-12-Sociology of Environment

Unit-I:Environmental Sociology: The rise, decline & resurgence of Environmental Sociology

Unit-II:Environmental Issues: Population & its impact on Environment, Pollution, Energy, Urban Development & its impact

Unit-III: Development, Displacement, Rehabilitation and Environmental Problems, Environmental Impact Assessment

Unit-IV: Global Challenges related to Environment and Environmental Justice, policy & action

REFERENCES:

1. Giddens. Anthony, 1996, Global problems and Ecological Crisis, in Introduction to Sociology
2. Arnold, David and Guha Ramachandra, 1955. Nature, Culture, Imperialism
3. South Commission, 1989, The Need to Re Orient Development Strategies and Development the Environment
4. World Commission on Environment and Development, 1987. Our Common Future, Brutland Report
5. Gadgil Madhav and Ramachandra Guha, 1996, Ecology and Equity

Paper-13-Sociology of Movements

Unit-I: Defining features & dynamics of social movements, types of social movements & distribution of power in society

Unit-II:The Social base: Class, Caste, gender: role & types of leadership, social change, reform, revival, revolution, splits, counter movements Transformation & decline

Unit-III:Theories and emergence of social movements, Marxist & post Marxist, Weberian & post Weberian

Unit-IV:Traditional Movement, Nationalist Movement, Tribal Movement, New social Movement, Women's Movement, Environmental Movements

REFERENCES:

1. Rao MSA. 1979, Social Movements in India
2. Singh KS. 1982, Tribal Movements in India
3. Rao MSA. 1979, Social Movements and Social Transformation
4. Desai AR (ed) 1979, Peasant struggles in India
5. Dhanagare. DN. 1983, Peasant Movements in India 1920-1950
6. Oomen TK. 1990, Protest and changes: studies in Social movements

Paper-14.Sociology of Crime & Deviance

Unit-I:Conceptual and Theoretical Approaches: Legal, Behavioural and Sociological explanation of Crime, Deviance and Delinquency, Theories of Crime causation- Classical, Positivist

Unit-II:Theories of Punishment: Retributive and Deterrent and Reformative- Protection and Parole, Open Prison- its success and failure

Unit-III: Terrorism: Concept of Terrorism and its characteristics, Origin and development
Terrorism in India, Social and legal Major for its prevention and control

Unit-IV: Community policing: Nature and concept, Objectives, types, social relevance and Significance.

REFERENCES:

1. Ahuja, R. 1997, Contemporary Social Problems in India
2. Madan, G.R. 1985, Indian Social Problems-I
3. Mohanty, S. 1990, Crimes and Criminals in India
4. Sirohi, J.P.S. 1992, Criminology and Criminal, Administration
5. Shankardas, R.D. 2000, Punishment and the Prison: India and International Perspective

Paper-15: Sociology of NGOs

Paper-16: Sociology of Education

Unit – I : Introduction : Conceptual clarity, Relationship between society, Education and Development.

Unit – II : Socialization and Education : Relations between socialization and Education, Agencies of socialization and Education: Family, Peer Groups, School and Meida

Unit – III : Education, Inequalities and Social Justice: Concept of Equality of Educational Opportunity, Education and Disparities: Caste. Class, tribe, gender, rural-urban, Education and social mobility

Unit – IV : Emerging Trends in Education in India: School education: Existing scenario, Higher Education in India, Governance of Higher Education: Institutional programmes, National Educational policy 1986.

REFERENCES

1. Banks, Olive (1976) The sociology of Education, London, Batsford
2. Boudon, Raymond (1973) Education Opportunity & Social Inequality, New Yark John wiley & sons
3. Blackledge, D. and Hunt B (1985) sociological interpretations of education, Crom Helm, London
4. Brookover, Wilburt B. (1955) A sociology of education New York, American book company
5. Chitnis, sume and Altbach, Philip G (1993) Highter education reform in India, New Delhi Sage
6. Ghosh, D.K (1983) University system in India, Jaipur, Rawat.
7. Gibson, D.W (1965) social perspectives on education, New York, John Wiley & sons.

Paper-17: History of depressed class movement in India

Unit-I: Historical Background

1. Buddha's humanitarian Synthesis of Mind and Matter.
2. Social Dimensions of Medieval Mukti Movements- Kabir, Ravidas, Chokhamela, Sarala Dasa to Achyutananda Dasa.
3. Impact of the Ideologies of American Revolution (1776) and French Revolution (1789).
4. Impact of the Abolition of Slavery in U.S.A. (1865).
5. Global Theory of Slavery and Oppression – Theories of Rousseau's "Chained Man" , Marx's "Alienated Man" and Ambedkar's "Broken Man".

Unit-II: Dynamics of Social Radicalism

1. Jotiba Phule: His Ideology and Programmes – "*Satyasodhak Samaj*", Education as Emancipation and Empowerment-Rewriting of History and Mythology.
2. Bhima Bhoi's Ideology and Programme- His Writings and Perspectives of Social Protest.
3. Jyoti Thass: Ideology and Programmes of the Justice Party.
4. Periyar and the Self-Respect Movement in South.

Unit-III: Nationalist Power Politics and the Excluded Masses

1. The Depressed Classes' Revolt for Human Rights: The Mahad Satyagraha (1927).
2. Demand of 'Political Right' for the Depressed Classes – Gandhi and Ambedkar at the Round Table Conferences (1930-1932) - The Poona Pact (1932): Its Implications and Consequences.
3. Gandhian Ideology and Programmes for Eradication of Untouchability.
4. Social Democracy as A Vision of the Nation – State Socialism – Constitutional Safeguards for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes.

Unit-IV: The Depressed Classes in India after Independence

1. The Hindu Code Bill (1954) and the Women's Empowerment.
2. Emergence of the *Navayan* or the Neo-Buddhism.
3. Ram Manohar Lohiya on Caste and Class.
4. The Past and Present of Dalit Movements – A Review of Institutions, Literatures, Experiences and Achievements.

References

1. Ambedkar B.R., Who were the shudras ? How they came to be the Fourth Varna in Indo Aryan Society ? Thacker & Company, Bombay , 1970.
2. Ambedkar B.R., Annihilation of Caste System, (1st ed. 1936). Thacker & Company Bombay,1946.
3. Ambedkar B.R.,The Untouchables : Who were they and How they became Untouchables ? Amrut Book company, Delhi, 1948.
4. Ambedkar B.R.,Buddha and his Dhamma, Siddharth college Publication Anand Bhavan, Bombay ,1957.

5. Ambedkar B.R.,Communal Deadlock, A way to solve it, Bhim patrika Publications, Jullundar (n.d.) First Pub. In 1945.
6. Ambedkar B.R.,Mr. Gandhi and the Emancipation of Untouchables, Thacker and Co.Ltd. Bombay,1943.
7. Ambedkar B.R.,Grievances fo the Scheduled Castes , Memorandum submitted his Excellency to the
8. Governor General on 29th Oct. 1942, Printivraj Rd., New Delhi, (confidential) (University of Mumbai Library)
9. Ambedkar B.R.,What Congress and Gandhi have done to the Untouchables ?, Thacker & Co,Bombay, 1945.
10. Ambedkar B.R.,Administration and Finace of the East India company, Thacket & Co. Bombay,1945.

Paper-18. SOCIOLOGY OF AGEING

Unit.1: Introduction :

1. Scope & Significance of Sociology of Ageing
2. Emergence of Sociology of Ageing as a Sub-discipline
3. Trends and Patterns of Ageing-Global and Indian Scenario

Unit. II: Some Aspects of Ageing :

1. Factors of Ageing
- 2 Problems of Ageing
- 3 Changing Family and Ageing

Unit.III :Theoretical Approaches :

1. Structural- Functional and Conflict perspective
2. Symbolic Interaction
3. Phenomenology
4. Ethno methodology

Unit.IV Adjustments in Later Life :

1. The Informal Support and Its Relevance in Later Life.
2. Elderly and the Caregivers.
3. Living Arrangements of Elderly.
4. Ageing & Retirement.

Unit.V The State and the Elderely :

1. Role of State- Policies and Programmers for the Aged in India
2. Role of NGOS
3. National Policy on Aged

REFERENCES

1. Atechley. (1972), Social Process in Latter life. California, Wadsworth.
2. Bond John Coleman Peter and Sheila Peace .(1993), An Introduction to Social Gerontology. Sage Publications, New Delhi.
3. Borgalta. EF. (1980), Ageing and Society. Sage Publication, NewDelhi.
4. Cox (1984), Later Life : The Realities of Ageing. Prentice Hall. Inc.New Delhi.
5. Marshall. V.W. (1986), Later Life : The Social Psychology ofAgeing.
6. Mishra. S. (1987) Social Adjustment in Old Ages. B.R. Publishing Corporations, New Delhi
7. Peace, W.M.(1990). Researching Social Gerontology : Concepts, Methods and Issues, Sage Publications, London.

Semester-IV

Paper-19.Sociology of Development

Unit-I: Concept of Development, Economic Growth, Human Development, Social Development, Sustainable Development

Unit-II: Approaches to Development: Capitalist, Socialist and Gandhian

Unit-III: Agencies of Development: State, Constitutional Provisions, Five Year Plans, Government Schemes and Programmes, NGOs Participatory Model and Community Bottom-up Model

Unit-IV: Understanding Development through: Welfare, Equality and Empowerment

REFERENCES:

1. Dereze, Jean and Amartya Sen, 1996, India: Economic Development and Social Opportunity
2. Desai. A.R. 1985, India's Path of Development: A Marxist Approach
3. Harrison, D. 1989, The Sociology of Modernization and Development
4. Moor, Willbert and Robert Cook. 1967, Social Change
5. Sharma, S. L. 1986, Development: Socio-Cultural Dimensions
6. Amin, Samir, 1979, Unequal Development

Paper-20-Urban Sociology

Unit-I: Evolution of Cities in History based on Major Functions: Growth of Urbanization in India, City type and functions in India, The Rural-Urban dichotomy and continuum in India and Theories of Unrbanization

Unit-II: Social Institutions in the Urban Milieu: Family and Marriage Caste, Religion, Economy, Polity

Unit-III: The new Social Structures in Urban India: Informal Sector: Various Occupations, Formal Sector: Various Professions and Secondary Institutions: Educational, Leisure and Recreation, Voluntary Organizations

Unit-IV: Problems of Urban India: Housing, Transport, Communication, Pollution, Sanitation, Crime

REFERENCES:

1. Bhattacharya, B., Urban Development in India
2. Bose, Ashish, India's Urbanization
3. Rao, M.S.A (ed) Urban Sociology in India
4. Gandhi, R. Social Structure of Urban India: Continuities and Change
5. Ramu, G.N. Family and Caste in Urban India
6. Trivedi, H.R. ,Urbanization and Macro Social Change.

Paper.21. Dissertation (200 Marks)