

[2]

4. Examine the problems and limitations of constitutionalism.
5. Examine the Capitalistic perspective of State.

**Section-B**

Answer any three.

6. Examine Elitist Theory of Democracy.
7. Examine Almond's Structural Functional Approach.
8. Discuss the main features of the Post-Behavioralism.
9. Examine the socialistic perspective of State and its relevance today.
10. Analyze the basic requirements of Post-Colonial State.

**Section-C**

Answer any two.

Write short notes on:

11. Types of constitutions.
12. Laissez faire.
13. Iron law of oligarchy.
14. C. Wright Mills and Elite Theory.

**2013**

Full Marks : 70

Time : As in the Programme

*Answer questions according to General Instruction of each Section.*

**Paper - I**

**(Comparative Politics-Concepts and Methods)**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTION**

Answer *any three* questions from Section-A ( $12 \times 3 = 36$ )  
Word Limit-700-1000

Answer *any three* questions from Section-B ( $8 \times 3 = 24$ )  
Word Limit-500

Answer *any two* questions from Section-C ( $5 \times 2 = 10$ )  
Word Limit-300

**Section-A**

Answer any three.

1. Examine the changing nature of the comparative politics.
2. Examine the Behavioral Revolution in Political Science.
3. Analyze David Easton's Systems Approach.

*[Turn over]*



**2013**

Full Marks : 70

Time : As in the Programme

*Answer questions according to General Instruction of each Section.*

**Paper - II**

**(Administrative theory-Principles and Approaches)**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTION**

Answer *any three* questions from Section-A ( $12 \times 3 = 36$ )

Word Limit-700-1000

Answer *any three* questions from Section-B ( $8 \times 3 = 24$ )

Word Limit-500

Answer *any two* questions from Section-C ( $5 \times 2 = 10$ )

Word Limit-300

**Section-A**

Answer any **three**.

1. Discuss different approaches to the study of Public Administration.

*[Turn over]*

[2]

2. Explain the contribution of Luther Gullick to the traditional theory.
3. Discuss the meaning, style and types of leadership.
4. Examine the dimensions of New Public Administrations.
5. Write a note on the citizen's participation in administration.

**Section-B**

Answer any **three**.

6. Examine the nature and scope of Public Administration.
7. Discuss Bureaucratic theory of Max Weber.
8. Examine the significance of communication in Administrative Management.
9. Discuss the nature, issues and characteristics of comparative Public Administration.
10. Explain the role of New Public Management in modern times.

[ 3 ]

**Section-C**

**Answer any two.**

Write short notes on:

11. Human relation theory.
  12. Decision making.
  13. Rigg's model.
  14. Role of citizen's participation.
-



**2013**

Full Marks : 70

Time : As in the Programme

*Answer questions according to General Instruction of each Section.*

**Paper - III**

**(International Relations-Major Concepts and Theories)**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTION**

Answer *any three* questions from Section-A ( $12 \times 3 = 36$ )  
Word Limit-700-1000

Answer *any three* questions from Section-B ( $8 \times 3 = 24$ )  
Word Limit-500

Answer *any two* questions from Section-C ( $5 \times 2 = 10$ )  
Word Limit-300

**Section-A**

Answer any **three**.

1. Make a critical analysis of Morgenthau's principles of realism.

*[Turn over]*

[2]

2. Discuss the Bureaucratic Model of decision making in foreign policy.
3. Discuss how the foreign policy of a country is guided by national interests.
4. Analyze the relevance of ideology in International Politics in 21<sup>st</sup> century.
5. Discuss the theories of deterrence and their limitations.

**Section-B**

Answer any **three**.

6. Discuss Kalpan's models of system theory in International Politics.
7. Analyze the idealistics theory in International Politics.
8. Discuss the measurements and limitation of power base elements.
9. Discuss the grounds for justifying war.
10. Discuss the merits of traditional conflict transformation.

[ 3 ]

**Section-C**

**Answer any two.**

**Write short notes on:**

11. Prisoner's dilemma.
  12. Basic principles of neo-realism.
  13. Relevance of deterrence in 21<sup>st</sup> century.
  14. Pacilism.
-



**2013**

Full Marks : 70

Time : As in the Programme

*Answer questions according to General Instruction of each Section.*

**Paper - IV**

**(Western Political Thought-Ancient and Medieval)**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTION**

Answer *any three* questions from Section-A ( $12 \times 3 = 36$ )  
Word Limit-700-1000

Answer *any three* questions from Section-B ( $8 \times 3 = 24$ )  
Word Limit-500

Answer *any two* questions from Section-C ( $5 \times 2 = 10$ )  
Word Limit-300

**Section-A**

Answer any **three**.

1. Discuss the features of Plato's Ideal State.
2. Discuss why is Aristotle regarded as the Father of Political Science.

*[Turn over]*

[2]

3. Give a critical estimate of Machiavelli as the first modern Political Philosopher.
4. Examine Hobbes' Theory of State.
5. Examine Locke as a prophet of a liberal-democratic order.

**Section-B**

Answer any **three**.

6. Examine Bentham's Principles of Utilitarianism.
7. Explain Plato's Theory of education.
8. Explain Aristotle's theory of revolution.
9. Examine Hobbes' views on human nature and social contact.
10. Discuss Machiavelli views on statecraft.

**Section-C**

Answer any **two**.

11. Explain the features of Hobbes' absolutism.
12. Discuss the criteria of Bentham's 'felicific calculus'.
13. Explain the features of J.S. Mill's State.
14. Explain the social contract theory of Rousseau.