Time : As in Programme

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer from all the Sections as per direction.

Section - A

Answer any three questions of the following:

 $12 \times 3 = 36$

- 1. Discuss the growth of comparative politics.
- 2. Examine main features of Behaviouralism.
- Examine the Structural Functional Approach of Almond.
- 4. Define Constitution and discuss its types.
- 5. Examine the capitalist perspective of State.

EA - 37/3

Section - B

Answer any three questions of the following:

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- What is Political Elite? Discuss Elitist Theory of Democracy.
- 7. Examine basic features of Post-Behaviouralism.
- Analyse the Marxist Approach to Comparative Politics.
- 9. Examine the growth of constitutionalism.
- Examine the main features of Post-Colonial States.

Section - C

Answer any two of the following:

- 11. Political Elite
- 12. Types of Constitutions
- 13. Credo of Relevance
- 14. Theory of Elite

Time: As in Programme

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer from all the Group as per direction.

Group - A

Answer any three questions of the following:

- Define Public Administration and discuss its nature and scope.
- Examine the characteristics of public administration in developed and developing countries.
- Discuss Scientific Management Theory of F. W. Taylor.
- Define decision-making and point out various steps of decision-making.
- Discuss the significance of comparative public administration.

EA - 38/3

Group - B

Answer any **three** questions of the following: 8×3 = 24

- Politics and administration dichotomy hold good in modern times.
- Discuss the Human Relations Theory of Elton Mayo.
- Examine the meaning and significance of development administration.
- Discuss the role of communication in administrative management.
- Define New Public Management and discuss its characteristics.

Group - C

Answer any two questions of the following:

- Modern approach to the Study of Public Administration
- 12. New Public Administration
- Luther Gulick's Contributions to Traditional Theory
- 14. Theories of Leadership

EA - 38/3 (300)	(2) IS-MA(Pol. Sc.)CBCS-
	DDCE — II

Time: As in Programme

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer from all the Group as per direction.

Group - A

Answer any **three** questions of the following : $12 \times 3 = 36$

- Define Public Administration and discuss its nature and scope.
- Examine the characteristics of public administration in developed and developing countries.
- Discuss Scientific Management Theory of F. W. Taylor.
- Define decision-making and point out various steps of decision-making.
- Discuss the significance of comparative public administration.

EA - 38/3

Group - B

Answer any **three** questions of the following : $8\times3 = 24$

- Politics and administration dichotomy hold good in modern times.
- Discuss the Human Relations Theory of Elton Mayo.
- Examine the meaning and significance of development administration.
- Discuss the role of communication in administrative management.
- Define New Public Management and discuss its characteristics.

Group - C

Answer any two questions of the following:

- Modern approach to the Study of Public Administration
- 12. New Public Administration
- Luther Gulick's Contributions to Traditional Theory
- 14. Theories of Leadership

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EA - 38/3 (300)	(2) IS-MA(Pol. Sc.)CBCS-
	DDCE-II

Time: As in Programme

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks. Answer from all the Sections as per direction.

Section - A

Answer any **three** questions : $12 \times 3 = 36$

- 1. Discuss the basic differences between realism and neo-realism.
- 2. Examine the rational decision-making in International Politics.
- 3. Define National Interest. Discuss its dimensions and types.
- 4. Discuss how the power base elements of a state are issue specific and situational.
- 5. Define balance of power and discuss the methods by which balance of power is maintained.

EA - 39/3

Section - B

Answer any three questions:

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- 6. Discuss various theories of war.
- Discuss the merits and demerits of traditional conflict transformatics.
- Discuss the influence of 'personality' on foreign policy making.
- Discuss the idealistic theory in International Politics.
- What is Game Theory. Discuss the Prisoner's Dilemma in International Politics.

Section - C

Write short notes on any **two** of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- 1. Chiken's game.
- 2. Bureaucratic model of decision-making
- 3. NPT
- 4. Pacifism



EA - 39/3 (300)

(2) IS-MA(Pol. Sc.)CBCS-DDCE — III

Time: As in Programme

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer from all the Sections as per direction.

Section - A

Answer any three questions of the following:

 $12 \times 3 = 36$

- Examine Platonic Theory of Justice.
- 2. Examine Aristotle's Theory of State.
- Discuss the basic features of the Machiavellian State.
- Discuss the features of Hobbes' Individualism and Absolutism.
- 5. Examine the features of Lockean State.

EA - 40/2

Time: As in Programme

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer from all the Sections as per direction.

Section - A

Answer any three questions of the following:

12×3 = 36

- 1. Examine Platonic Theory of Justice.
- 2. Examine Aristotle's Theory of State.
- Discuss the basic features of the Machiavellian State.
- Discuss the features of Hobbes' Individualism and Absolutism.
- 5. Examine the features of Lockean State.

EA-40/2

Section - B

Answer any three questions of the following:

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- 6. Analyse Bentham's view on reforms.
- 7. Examine Mill's concept of liberty.
- Explain Plato's theory of communism of property and wives.
- 9. Discuss Aristotle's view on slavery.
- 10. Analyse Hobbes' views on Sovereignty.

Section - C

Answer any two questions of the following:

- Discuss J. S. Mill's view on representative government.
- 12. Discuss Aristotle's view on citizenship.
- 13. Explain Plato's concept of philosopher-king.
- 14. Explain Locke's right of revolution.

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EA-40/2 (300)	(2) IS-MA(Pol. Sc.)CBCS- DDCE — IV