2017

Full Marks: 70

Time: As in the programme

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Answer questions according to General Instructions of each Section.

GENERAL INSTRUCTION

Answer any three questions from Section-A (12×3=36), Word Limit-700-1000

Answer any three questions from Section-B (8×3=24), Word Limit-500

Answer any two questions from Section-C (5×2=10), Word Limit-300

SECTION-A

(Answer any three)

 $12 \times 3 = 36$

- 1. Critically examine the basic principles of Physiocracy and how is it different from mercantilism.
- 2. Critically examine the theory of value of Adam Smith.
- 3. Discuss the rise of socialist ideology.

- 4. Critically examine the development of Marginal Utility Economics.
- 5. Explain the points of differences between Keynes and Classicists.

SECTION-B

(Answer any three)

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- 6. Critically examine the leading ideas of mercantilism.
- 7. Critically examine Say's law of market.
- 8. Discuss the Marxian Labour Theory of Value.
- 9. Critically assess the contribution of Wickshell to economic literature.
- 10. Critically examine Keynesian macroeconomic model.

SECTION-C

(Answer any two)

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- 11. Write a note on balance of trade according to Physiocracy.
- 12. Who is J.S.Mill?
- 13. What is Austrian School?
- 14. What is the economic thinking of Dadabhai Naroji?

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GENERAL INSTRUCTION

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(Answer any three) $12 \times 3 = 36$

- What is public good? How are they different from 1. private good?
- "Taxable capacity is a dim and confused conception." 2. Discuss.
- Critically examine Wagner's law of increasing state 3. activities.

- 4. What is public borrowing? Discuss the effects of public borrowing.
- Distinguish between balanced and unbalanced budget 5. and discuss their importance.

SECTION-B

(Answer any three)

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- "Budget is an instrument of economic policy." 6. Discuss.
- 7. Discuss the justification of the imposition of wealth tax. 1992 most anoiseur senit was reward
- Discuss the role of government in case of negative 8. externality. most analysing new vine toward
- Explain the principles of budgeting. 9.
- 10. What are the effects of public expenditure on production?

SECTION-C

Write short notes on (any two): $5 \times 2 = 10$

- 11. Excess burden of taxation.
- 12. Death Duty.
- Programme budgeting.
- 14. Effect of Public expenditure on employment.

2017

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Answer any two questions from Section-C (5×2=10), Word Limit-300

SECTION-A

(Answer any three)

 $12 \times 3 = 36$

- 1. Given U=f(x,y), derive the equilibrium of a rational consumer.
- 2. Critically examine the law of variable proportion.
- 3. Discuss the price and output determination under perfect competition.
- 4. Discuss the loanable fund theory.

5. What is consumption optimality? Derive consumption optimality in paretian welfare approach.

SECTION-B

(Answer any three)

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- 6. Prove that substitution effect is always negative.
- 7. Why marginal utility of money remains a constant?
- 8. Discuss the basic concepts of linear programming.
- 9. Critically examine the price and output determination under monopoly.
- 10. Define an excess demand function. How it helps to know the stability of an equilibrium?

SECTION-C

(Answer any two)

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

Write short notes.

- 11. Weak Axiom of Revealed Preference.
- 12. Returns to Scale.
- 13. Selling cost.
- 14. Pareto Optimality.

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Answer any three questions from Section-B $(8\times3=24)$, Word Limit-500

Answer any two questions from Section-C $(5\times2=10)$, Word Limit-300

SECTION-A

(Answer any three)

 $12 \times 3 = 36$

- What are the determinants of consumption function 1. other than income?
- Define marginal efficiency of capital. How is it 2. determined?
- The IS-LM framework determines the simultaneous 3. equilibrium of the product and money market. Discuss.
- Discuss the basic propositions of supply state 4. economics.
- Critically explain Kaldor's model of trade cycle.

SECTION-B

(Answer any three)

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- 6. Explain Keynesian and Classical views on Neutrality of money.
- 7. Distinguish between marginal efficiency of capital and marginal efficiency of investment.
- 8. What is keynes effect? What are the limitations of this analysis?
- 9. Critically explain the Laffer Curve.
- 10. How do the non-banking financial intermediaries differ from banks?

SECTION-C

(Answer any two)

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- 11. Explain the Absolute Income Hypothesis.
- 12. Throw light on the Present Value inform of investment.
- 13. The LM curve shows the points of equilibrium in the money market. Elucidate.
- 14. Write a note on Financial Intermediates and their function in an economy.